VZCZCXRO7062
RR RUEHAG RUEHBC RUEHDE RUEHDIR RUEHKUK RUEHROV
DE RUEHRL #1361 2761354
ZNY SSSSS ZZH
R 021354Z OCT 08
FM AMEMBASSY BERLIN
TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC 2303
INFO RUCNMEM/EU MEMBER STATES COLLECTIVE
RUCNIRA/IRAN COLLECTIVE
RUEHBS/USEU BRUSSELS
RUCNDT/USMISSION USUN NEW YORK 0635

S E C R E T BERLIN 001361

SIPDIS
ISN/CIP FOR CHALMERS

E.O. 12958: DECL: 10/08/2033

TAGS: ECON EFIN ETRD PARM KNNP EUN EWWT PREL IR GM SUBJECT: GERMANY RESPONSE TO U.S. DESIGNATION OF IRISL

REF: STATE 104496

Classified By: Global Affairs Unit Chief Don L. Brown for reasons 1.4(b) and (d)

- 11. (S) Germany will deal with IRISL multilaterally, through the EU's implementation of the Common Position on UN Security Council Resolution 1803. Econoff met with Economics Ministry Office Director Martin Lutz and provided reftel points. Lutz stated that the final EU implementation of UNSCR 1803 will require IRISL (as well as Iran Air) to make pre-arrival and pre-departure declarations of cargo to German customs authorities. IRISL will be required to declare that it has no dual-use, hazardous or other prohibited goods on board. Under UNSCR 1803, IRISL ships are subject to inspection only upon reasonable belief that the vessel is transporting prohibited goods. UNSCR 1803 does not require IRISL to make pre-arrival and pre-departure cargo declarations. Lutz stressed the point that the EU's mandatory pre-arrival and pre-departure declaration requirements are stronger than the limited inspections allowed under UNSCR 1803. Germany is not, however, at this time, unilaterally willing to designate IRISL.
- 12. (S) Lutz assured Econoff that, although the EU's implementation of 1803 is still a work in progress, the above provisions regarding IRISL will remain. Further, these provisions will become European law upon the EU adopting them, obviating any need for German legislative review, adoption or implementation. He stated that November is the current target for the EU to complete its work on the Common Position.

 TIMKEN JR